TURKEY RIGHTS MONITOR



Issue 163 | July 31-August 6, 2023

ARBITRARY DETENTION AND ARREST

Throughout the week, prosecutors ordered the detention of at least 27 people over alleged links to the Gülen movement. In October 2020, a UN Working Group on Arbitrary Detention (WGAD) <u>opinion</u> said that widespread or systematic imprisonment of individuals with alleged links to the group may amount to crimes against humanity. Solidarity with OTHERS has compiled a detailed <u>database</u> to monitor the Gülen-linked mass detentions since a failed coup in July 2016.

August 1: Mustafa Said Türk, an 86-year-old bedridden man who was convicted of links to the Gülen movement, was <u>hospitalized</u> soon after being sent to prison to serve his sentence. Although Türk's lawyer requested a stay of execution of the sentence, citing old age and severe illness, it was denied by Manisa courts.

ENFORCED DISAPPEARANCES

No news has emerged of <u>Yusuf Bilge Tunc</u>, a former public sector worker who was sacked from his job by a decree-law during the 2016-2018 state of emergency and who was reported missing as of August 6, 2019, in what appears to be one of the latest cases in a string of suspected <u>enforced disappearance</u> of government critics since 2016.

FREEDOM OF ASSEMBLY AND ASSOCIATION

July 31: Gendarmes in Hatay <u>intervened</u> in a demonstration against the expropriation of agricultural lands, detaining seven people.

August 1: The Tunceli Governor's Office <u>banned</u> three concerts that were planned as part of a local cultural

festival. Several band members were detained after the announcement of the ban.

August 1: An İstanbul court <u>ruled</u> that a ban on a 2021 cultural event organized by a Kurdish NGO was unlawful.

August 2: Gendarmes in Muğla <u>intervened</u> in an environmental protest against the construction of a coal mine in a forested area, briefly detaining one activist.

August 2: Gendarmes in Mardin and Şanlıurfa <u>intervened</u> in protests against a local electricity supplier, detaining a total of seven people.

August 4: A district governorate in İstanbul <u>banned</u> an opposition exhibition event on the grounds that "it could turn into an opposition rally."

August 4: The Adana Governor's Office <u>issued</u> a ban on all outdoor gatherings for a day.

August 5: The Van Governor's Office <u>issued</u> a ban on all outdoor gatherings for a period of two days.

August 5: The police in İstanbul and Adana <u>intervened</u> in demonstrations about those who disappeared in police custody in the 1990s, detaining a total of 44 activists.

August 5: The Samsun Governor's Office <u>banned</u> a concert, citing national and spiritual values.

August 6: The police in İstanbul <u>detained</u> a man named Nurettin Koç for staging a sit-in protest in a park about the government's economic policies.

FREEDOM OF EXPRESSION AND MEDIA

August 1: A seven-day broadcast ban imposed on the proopposition TELE1 TV channel by the Radio and Television Supreme Council (RTÜK) <u>took effect</u> after an Ankara court lifted an injunction that was previously imposed on the sanction by a lower court.

August 3: An İstanbul court <u>ruled</u> to block access to at least three news reports covering allegations that children under state protection were sent to an event organized by a religious foundation.

August 3: Ankara prosecutors <u>launched</u> an investigation into opposition party employee Gençosman Killik over a brochure. Killik was summoned by the police for a questioning as part of the investigation.

August 4: Diyarbakır prosecutors <u>launched</u> an investigation into journalist Diren Yurtsever over her reporting on a local electricity distribution company. Yurtsever was summoned by the police for a questioning as part of the investigation.

August 4: Ankara prosecutors <u>indicted</u> journalist Hasan Sivri over his social media posts about the earthquakes in February. Sivri faces charges of spreading misinformation.

August 4: The Constitutional Court <u>ruled</u> that a suspended prison sentence handed down to musician Erdal Güney on charges of insulting the president due to the lyrics of a song was in violation of the freedom of expression.

August 5: An Ankara court <u>ruled</u> to block access to at least six news reports covering judicial corruption allegations made by an exiled mob boss who used to have close ties to the government.

KURDISH MINORITY

August 1: An İstanbul court <u>ruled</u> that a ban on a 2021 cultural event organized by a Kurdish NGO was unlawful.

August 2: A women's prison in Ağrı <u>sent</u> several inmates to one-person cells as a disciplinary punishment for singing in Kurdish and performing a folk dance.

OTHER MINORITIES

July 31: A trans woman named Atiye Güney was physically <u>assaulted</u> by three unidentified individuals in İstanbul.

PRISON CONDITIONS

July 31: The Human Rights Association (İHD) <u>released</u> a report which found that at least 10,789 rights violations took place in 153 prisons in 58 provinces across Turkey in 2022.

August 2: Several inmates held in an İstanbul prison reported that rats were present in their wards and that their complaints about it were ignored by the prison administration.

August 5: Reports <u>indicated</u> that meals provided to inmates in two Yozgat prisons were inadequate and unhygienic.

REFUGEES AND MIGRANTS

July 31: Greek authorities reportedly <u>pushed back</u> five Turkish nationals after they fled across the border to seek political asylum. The asylum seekers were immediately detained by Turkey's security forces after being pushed back.

August 2: An İstanbul prosecutor <u>launched</u> an investigation into the suspicious death of Nabeel Hasan, a Palestinian national, in a Turkish prison less than a week after he was arrested for involvement in a fight.

August 3: The İstanbul Governor's Office <u>released</u> a statement ordering Syrian refugees who are registered in other provinces to leave İstanbul by September 24.

TORTURE AND ILL-TREATMENT

July 31: The guards in a Konya prison <u>mistreated</u> inmate Vahdettin Erdem. On August 3, reports indicated that Erdem was verbally <u>threatened</u> by prison guards after his family announced the mistreatment to the media.

July 31: A women's prison in İstanbul <u>restricted</u> the communication privileges of five inmates for holding an event to commemorate the victims of a terrorist bombing in 2015.

August 1: <u>Burhan Barut</u>, an inmate incarcerated in Antalya, went on a hunger strike alleging that he was subjected to severe torture including being hogtied.

August 2: A women's prison in Ağrı <u>sent</u> several inmates to one-person cells as a disciplinary punishment for singing in Kurdish and performing a folk dance.

August 2: An İstanbul prosecutor <u>launched</u> an investigation into the suspicious death of Nabeel Hasan, a Palestinian national, in a Turkish prison less than a week after he was arrested for involvement in a fight.

August 5: An Adana prison <u>denied</u> hospital referrals to inmates who refused to undergo mouth searches.

August 5: A prison administration in Adana arbitrarily restricted inmates' social and cultural privileges.

TRANSNATIONAL REPRESSION

July 31: The UN Human Rights Council reportedly <u>received</u> a formal complaint regarding Turkish airstrikes in Iraq, allegedly targeting a civilian hospital and resulting in the death of eight people.

WOMEN'S RIGHTS

August 2: Men <u>killed</u> 22 women and inflicted violence on at least 63 women in July, according to a gender-based violence report.